

7-4: Comparing and Scaling

Unit Goals, Focus Questions, and Mathematical Reflections

Unit Goals

Ratios, Rates, and Percents Understand ratios, rates, and percents

- Use ratios, rates, fractions, differences, and percents to write statements comparing two quantities in a given situation
- Distinguish between and use both part-to-part and part-to-whole ratios in comparisons
- Use percents to express ratios and proportions
- Recognize that a rate is a special ratio that compares two measurements with different units
- Analyze comparison statements made about quantitative data for correctness and quality
- Make judgments about which kind of comparison statements are most informative or best reflect a particular point of view in a specific situation

Proportionality Understand proportionality in tables, graphs, and equations

- Recognize that constant growth in a table, graph, or equation is related to proportional situations
- Write an equation to represent the pattern in a table or graph of proportionally related variables
- Relate the unit rate and constant of proportionality to an equation, graph, or table describing a proportional situation

Reasoning Proportionally Develop and use strategies for solving problems that require proportional reasoning

- Recognize situations in which proportional reasoning is appropriate to solve the problem
- Scale a ratio, rate, percent, or fraction to make a comparison or find an equivalent representation
- Use various strategies to solve for an unknown in a proportion, including scaling, rate tables, percent bars, unit rates, and equivalent ratios
- Set up and solve proportions that arise from real-world applications, such as finding discounts and markups and converting measurement units

7-4 Comparing and Scaling: Focus Questions (FQ) and Mathematical Reflections

Investigation 1 Ways of Comparing: Ratios and Proportions	Investigation 2 Comparing and Scaling Rates	Investigation 3 Markups, Markdowns, and Measures: Using Ratios, Percents, and Proportions
<p>Problem 1.1 Surveying Opinions: Analyzing Comparison Statements FQ: What do different comparisons of quantities tell you about their relationship?</p> <p>Problem 1.2 Mixing Juice: Comparing Ratios FQ: What strategies do you use to determine which mix is the most orangey?</p> <p>Problem 1.3 Time to Concentrate: Scaling Ratios FQ: When you scale up a recipe and change the units, like from cups to ounces, what are some of the issues you have to deal with?</p> <p>Problem 1.4 Keeping Things in Proportion: Scaling to Solve Proportions FQ: What strategies can you use to find a missing value in a proportion? What is your preferred strategy and why?</p>	<p>Problem 2.1 Sharing Pizza: Comparison Strategies FQ: How can you determine whether two ratios are equivalent or find which of two ratios is more favorable?</p> <p>Problem 2.2 Comparing Pizza Prices: Scaling Rates FQ: How can you use rate tables to find missing values? How are rate tables similar to scaling quantities and solving proportions?</p> <p>Problem 2.3 Finding Costs: Unit Rate and Constant of Proportionality FQ: How can you find a unit rate in a description, an equation, a table, or a graph?</p>	<p>Problem 3.1 Commissions, Markups, and Discounts: Proportions With Percents FQ: How can you use proportions and percent tables to find various percentages of a value when you know a certain percentage of the same value?</p> <p>Problem 3.2 Measuring to the Unit: Measurement Conversions FQ: How can you use unit rates, proportions, equations, and rate tables to scale a variety of units?</p> <p>Problem 3.3 Mixing it Up: Connecting Ratios, Rates, Percents, and Proportions FQ: How can you use scale factors, rate tables, proportions, equations, or graphs to find amounts of a mixture, given the proportions?</p>
<p>Mathematical Reflections</p> <p>1a. In this Investigation you have used ratios, percents, fractions, and differences to make comparison statements. How have you found these ideas helpful?</p> <p>1b. Give examples to explain how part-to-part ratios are different from, but related to, part-to-whole ratios.</p> <p>2. How can you use scaling or equivalent ratios</p> <p>2a. to solve a proportion? Give an example.</p> <p>2b. To make a decision? Give an example.</p> <p>3. You learned about scaling in <i>Stretching and Shrinking</i>. You learned about proportions and rates in <i>Comparing and Scaling</i>. How are the ideas in these two Units the same? How are they different?</p> <p>4. Describe the connections you have found among unit rates, proportions, and rate tables.</p>	<p>Mathematical Reflections</p> <p>1a. How are tables, graphs, and equations helpful when you work with proportions?</p> <p>1b. How can you identify a unit rate or constant of proportionality in a table? In a graph? In an equation?</p> <p>2. How are unit rates useful?</p> <p>3. How is finding a unit rate similar to solving a proportion?</p>	<p>Mathematical Reflections</p> <p>1. What strategies have you learned for solving proportions?</p> <p>2. Describe a strategy for converting a rate measured in one pair of units to a rate measured in a different pair of units. For example, how would you convert ounces per cup to pounds per gallon?</p> <p>3. You learned about scaling in <i>Stretching and Shrinking</i>. You learned about proportions and rates in <i>Comparing and Scaling</i>. How are the ideas in these two Units the same? How are they different?</p> <p>4. Describe the connections you have found among unit rates, proportions, and rate tables.</p>