

7-5: Moving Straight Ahead

Unit Goals, Focus Questions, and Mathematical Reflections

Unit Goals

Linear Relationships Recognize problem situations in which two variables have a linear relationship

- Identify and describe the patterns of change between the independent and dependent variables for linear relationships represented by tables, graphs, equations, or contextual settings
- Construct tables, graphs, and symbolic equations that represent linear relationships
- Identify the rate of change between two variables and the x - and y -intercepts from graphs, tables, and equations that represent linear relationships
- Translate information about linear relationships given in a contextual setting, a table, a graph, or an equation to one of the other forms
- Write equations that represent linear relationships given specific pieces of information, and describe what information the variables and numbers represent
- Make a connection between slope as a ratio of vertical distance to horizontal distance between two points on a line and the rate of change between two variables that have a linear relationship
- Recognize that $y=mx$ represents a proportional relationship
- Solve problems and make decisions about linear relationships using information given in tables, graphs, and equations

Equivalence Understand that the equality sign indicates that two expressions are equivalent

- Recognize that the equation $y=mx+b$ represents a linear relationship and means that $mx+b$ is an expression equivalent to y
- Recognize that linear equations in one unknown, $k=mx+b$ or $y=m(t)+b$, where k , t , m , and b are constant numbers, are special cases of the equation $y=mx+b$
- Recognize that finding the missing value of one of the variables in a linear relationship, $y=mx+b$, is the same as finding a missing coordinate of a point (x,y) that lies on the graph of the relationship
- Solve linear equations in one variable using symbolic methods, tables, and graphs
- Recognize that a linear inequality in one unknown is associated with a linear equation
- Solve linear inequalities using graphs or symbolic reasoning
- Show that two expressions are equivalent
- Write and interpret equivalent expressions

7-5 Moving Straight Ahead: Focus Questions (FQ) and Mathematical Reflections

Investigation 1 Walking Rates	Investigation 2 Exploring Linear Relationships with Graphs and Tables	Investigation 3 Solving Equations	Investigation 4 Exploring Slope: Connecting Rates and Ratios
<p>Problem 1.1 Walking Marathons: Finding and Using Rates FQ: What equation represents the relationship between the time and the distance you walk at a constant rate? What are the dependent and independent variables?</p> <p>Problem 1.2 Walking Rates and Linear Relationships: Tables, Graphs, and Equations FQ: How can you predict whether a relationship is linear from a table, a graph, or an equation that represents the relationship?</p> <p>Problem 1.3 Raising Money: Using Linear Relationships FQ: What is the pattern of change in a linear relationship?</p> <p>Problem 1.4 Using the Walkathon Money: Recognizing Linear Relationships FQ: How can you determine if a linear relationship is increasing or decreasing?</p>	<p>Problem 2.1 Henri and Emile's Race: Finding the Point of Intersection FQ: When is it helpful to use a graph or table to solve a problem?</p> <p>Problem 2.2 Crossing the Line: Using Tables, Graphs, and Equations FQ: How does the pattern of change for a linear relationship appear in a table, a graph, or an equation?</p> <p>Problem 2.3 Comparing Costs: Comparing Relationships FQ: How can you decide if a table or an equation represents a linear relationship?</p> <p>Problem 2.4 Connecting Tables, Graphs, and Equations FQ: How are solutions of an equation of the form $y = b + mx$ related to the graph and the table for the same relationship?</p>	<p>Problem 3.1 Solving Equations Using Tables and Graphs FQ: How are the coordinates of a point on a line or in a table related to the equation of the line?</p> <p>Problem 3.2 Mystery Pouches in the Kingdom of Montarek: Exploring Equality FQ: What does equality mean?</p> <p>Problem 3.3 From Pouches to Variables: Writing Equations FQ: How can the properties of equality be used to solve linear equations?</p> <p>Problem 3.4 Solving Linear Equations FQ: What are some strategies for solving linear equations?</p> <p>Problem 3.5 Finding the Point of Intersection: Equations and Inequalities FQ: How can you find when two expressions are equal, or when one expression is greater or less than the other?</p>	<p>Problem 4.1 Climbing Stairs: Using Rise and Run FQ: How is the steepness of a set of stairs related to a straight-line graph?</p> <p>Problem 4.2 Finding the Slope of a Line FQ: How can you find the y-intercept and the slope of a line from data in a table, graph, or equation?</p> <p>Problem 4.3 Exploring Patterns with Lines FQ: How can you predict if two lines are parallel or perpendicular from their equations?</p> <p>Problem 4.4 Pulling it All Together: Writing Equations for Linear Relationships FQ: What information do you need to write an equation for a linear relationship? Is the expression for the dependent variable always the same?</p>
<p>Mathematical Reflections</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Describe how the dependent variable changes as the independent variable changes in a linear relationship. Give examples. How does the pattern of change between two variables in a linear relationship show up in <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a contextual situation? a table? a graph? an equation? 	<p>Mathematical Reflections</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Explain how the information about a linear relationship is represented in a table, a graph, or an equation. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Describe several real-world situations that can be modeled by equations of the form $y = mx + b$ and $y = mx$. Explain how the latter equation represents a proportional relationship. Explain how a table or graph that represent a linear relationship can be used to solve a problem. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Explain how you have used an equation that represents a linear relationship to solve a problem. 	<p>Mathematical Reflections</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Suppose that, in an equation with two variables, you know the value of one of the variables. Describe a method for finding the value of the other variable using the properties of equality. Give an example to illustrate your method. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Compare the method you described in part (a) to the methods of using a table or a graph to solve linear equations. Explain how an inequality can be solved by methods similar to those used to solve linear equations. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Describe a method for finding the solution to an inequality using graphs. Give an example of two equivalent expressions that were used in this investigation. Explain why they are equivalent. 	<p>Mathematical Reflections</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Explain what the slope of a line is. How does finding the slope compare to finding the rate of change between two variables in a linear relationship? How can you find the slope of a line from <ol style="list-style-type: none"> an equation? a graph? a table of values of the line? the coordinates of two points on the line? For parts (a) and (b), explain how you can write an equation of a line from the information. Use examples to illustrate your thinking. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the slope and the y-intercept of the line two points on the line